

Marimekko Supplier Code of Conduct

1. INTRODUCTION AND REFERENCES

Sustainability is an integral part of Marimekko's operations and crystallized in the company's value "Fairness to everyone and everything". Marimekko is committed to managing its relationships with all its suppliers in a responsible way and expects the same in return.

Marimekko aims to be a fair, trustworthy and attractive partner to its suppliers. Marimekko's way of managing relationships with its suppliers is based on continuous improvement of cooperation and performance for the mutual benefit of Marimekko and its suppliers. Marimekko expects its suppliers to ensure continuous improvement of working conditions and protection of the environment as well as associated management systems in their own operations, and to ensure that their business partners act in a responsible way.

Marimekko Supplier Code of Conduct ("the Code") applies to all Marimekko's suppliers, their sub-suppliers and any third parties acting on behalf of the supplier regardless of where they are located. The Code is part of contracts between Marimekko and its suppliers.

In the Code, supplier is defined as an individual or legal entity that contributes goods or services to Marimekko and has direct contractual relationship with Marimekko. Sub-supplier refers to an enterprise that contributes with goods or services to Marimekko's supplier or its sub-contractors.

Marimekko supports and respects the protection of human rights as expressed in the International Bill of Human Rights and considers it as a basic requirement also for its suppliers' operations. The Code is based on International Labor Organization (ILO) Conventions and the requirements and principles of amfori BSCI (Business Social Compliance Initiative). The amfori BSCI Code of Conduct is based on and refers to:

- United Nations (UN) Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- International Labour Organization (ILO) Conventions and Recommendations
- UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPR)
- OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises
- UN Children's Rights and Business Principles
- Gender Dimensions of the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights
- OECD Sectoral Guidance Documents

2. TERMS OF IMPLEMENTATION

By signing this document suppliers commit to endorsing principles of the Code and ILO Conventions and to take all reasonable and appropriate measures to comply with them in their own operations as well as ensuring compliance of their sub-suppliers and other business partners' operations throughout the supply chain. Suppliers also commit to complying with Marimekko's Product Requirements, as applicable and as may be amended by Marimekko from time to time at its sole discretion.

Suppliers are committed to complying with all applicable laws and regulations, industry minimum standards, and any other relevant statutory requirements.

In countries where domestic laws and regulations conflict with or set a different standard of protection than the Code, suppliers shall seek ways to abide by the principles that provide the highest protection to the workers and environment.

Suppliers commit to immediately inform Marimekko on any misconduct they have come aware of in their own or their sub-suppliers' operations that may result in non-compliance with the principles of the Code. Suppliers should report any suspected misconduct to their Marimekko contact person or via Marimekko whistleblowing channel, available at report.whistleb.com/marimekkocompany. In case of misconduct, the supplier shall present Marimekko a plan for corrective actions.

If the supplier is to use sub-contractors in the manufacturing of Marimekko's products, the supplier commits to inform Marimekko in advance and in written form about its intention. Furthermore, the use of sub-contractors may not serve to undermine the rights of workers. When using sub-contracting, the suppliers commit to ensuring that Marimekko's products are manufactured in accordance with the requirements of the Code and Product Requirements.

The suppliers are required to map, continuously monitor, and report upon request the origin of all materials and components used in Marimekko's products as well as information on the respective factories and other sites.

The supplier allows Marimekko and/or a third party representing Marimekko, to conduct audits with unrestricted access to its facilities and to all relevant information at all times, with or without notice in advance. Marimekko requires the right to conduct confidential interviews with freely chosen workers' representatives and workers. Supplier allows information gathered during the audit to be shared with third parties. Marimekko will ensure that the information provided will be treated with utmost respect and only for the purpose relevant for the case.

Suppliers acknowledge that a breach of the Code is sufficient ground for Marimekko to terminate business relations with the supplier. Terminating a business relationship or an individual contract with a supplier in a case of possible misconduct is considered as a last resort but termination may be necessary if the supplier fails to act in a manner consistent with the principles set out in the Code. Marimekko's primary measure in the case of misconduct is cooperation aimed at improving the supplier's operations.

3. PRINCIPLES

Social Management System and Cascade Effect

The suppliers shall:

- Adopt and publicly communicate a written human rights policy statement, in line with the complexity and size of operations, approved at the most senior level,
- Implement a process- and risk-based due diligence management system in their business practices in line with the UNGPs and adjusted to the business model of the company. The expectations set in the Code should be embedded in the system,
- Actively communicate their endorsement of the principles of the Code through all the functions in their company, as well as to their business partners and relevant stakeholders,
- Train and incentivize all relevant departments and individuals in a manner that allows them to integrate the principles of responsible and gender-responsive business and purchasing practices in the company culture, and cascade it to their business partners,
- Require their business partners to cascade the information to the relevant business partners and stakeholders in the supply chain,
- Require and follow-up with their business partners to work towards full observance of the principles of the Code within the sphere of their influence, including intermediaries that are involved in the worker recruitment process, such as brokers, recruiters and recruitment agencies,
- Include all workers in their due diligence, especially the vulnerable parts in their supply chain such as home-based workers, smallholders, as well as temporary and migrant workers; identify the challenges at these levels, and partner with relevant stakeholders for improvements,
- Have the strategy, processes, and sufficient resources in place to meet the responsibilities related to the principles of the Code and ensure that there is continuous improvement in its implementation,
- Exercise responsible and gender-responsive purchasing practices and avoid putting their business partners in a position that prevents them from adhering to the principles of the Code.

Workers Involvement and Protection

The suppliers shall:

- Establish responsible and gender-responsive management practices that involve all workers and their representatives in sound information exchange on the due diligence process,
- Define long-term goals to protect workers in line with the aspirations of the Code,
- Take specific steps, such as trainings, to make workers aware of their rights and responsibilities, with special attention to vulnerable persons. When relevant, intermediaries such as brokers, recruiters, and recruitment agencies should play an active role in achieving these steps,
- Build sufficient competence among the managers, workers, and worker representatives within their company, as well as in the supply chain, in order to embed the principles of the Code in their company culture, and promote continuous education and training at each level of work,
- Establish or participate in effective operational-level grievance mechanisms for individuals and communities who may be adversely impacted and maintain accurate records. The operational-level grievance mechanism must be in line with UNGP Article 31. Where relevant (e.g., when a migrant worker population is present), the operational-level grievance mechanism should be accessible in relevant local languages and should allow to address and remedy the issues effectively across jurisdictions through partnerships and coordination.

The Rights of Freedom of Association and Collective Bargaining

The suppliers shall:

- Respect the right of workers to form and join trade unions – or to refrain from doing so – and bargain collectively, in a free and democratic way, without distinction whatsoever and irrespective of gender,
- Ensure meaningful representation of all workers, without distinction whatsoever and irrespective of gender,
- Not discriminate against workers because of trade union membership,
- Not prevent workers' representatives and recruiters from having access to workers in the workplace or from interacting with them,
- Respect this principle by allowing workers to freely elect their own representatives with whom the company can enter into dialogue about workplace issues, when operating in countries where trade union activity is unlawful or where free and democratic trade union activity is not allowed.

Non-discrimination, Violence or Harassment

The suppliers shall:

- Treat all workers with respect and dignity,
- Ensure that workers are not subject to any form of violence, harassment, and inhumane or degrading treatment in the workplace, as well as threats of violence and abuse, including corporal punishment, verbal, physical, sexual, economic or psychological abuse, mental or physical coercion, or other forms of harassment or intimidation,
- Understand the possible grounds for discrimination in their specific context, and not discriminate or exclude persons based on sex, gender, age, religion, race, caste, birth, social background, disability, ethnic and national origin, nationality, membership in unions or any other legitimated organizations, political affiliation or opinions, sexual orientation, family responsibilities, marital status, pregnancy, diseases, or any other condition that could give rise to discrimination,
- Establish disciplinary procedures in writing and explain them verbally to workers in terms and language which they understand. The disciplinary measures must be in line with national legislation,
- Provide gender-sensitive and equal opportunities and treatment throughout recruitment and employment,
- Verify that workers are not harassed, disciplined, or retaliated upon for reporting issues on any of the grounds listed above.

Fair Remuneration

The suppliers shall:

- Comply, as a minimum, with wages mandated by governments' minimum wage legislation, or industry standards approved based on collective bargaining, whichever is higher. The wages shall refer to standard working hours,
- Pay wages in a regular, timely and stable manner, and fully in legal tender. Partial payment in the form of allowance "in kind" is only accepted in line with ILO specifications,
- Assess the pay gap accurately, and work progressively towards the payment of a living wage that is sufficient to afford a decent standard of living for the workers and their families,
- Reflect the skills, responsibility, seniority, and education of workers in their level of wages,
- Where a pay rate for production, quota or piece work is established, allow workers to earn at least a wage which respectively meets or exceeds applicable legal minimum wages, industry standards, or collective bargaining agreements (where applicable) within standard working hours,
- Ensure that workers of all genders and categories, such as migrant and local workers, receive the same remuneration for equal jobs and qualification,
- Implement deductions only under the conditions and to the extent allowed by law or fixed by collective agreement,

- Provide the workers with the social benefits that are legally granted, such as without negative impact on their pay, level of seniority, position, or promotion prospects.

Decent Working Hours

The suppliers shall:

- Ensure that workers are not required to work more than 48 standard hours per week, without prejudice to the specific expectations set out hereunder. Exceptions specified by the ILO are recognized,
- Interpret applicable national legislation, industry benchmark standards or collective agreements within the international framework set out by the ILO, and promote working hour practices that enable a healthy work-life balance for the workers,
- Only exceed the limit of hours described above in line with exceptional cases defined by the ILO, in which case overtime is permitted,
- Use overtime as an exceptional and voluntary practice, paid at a premium rate of minimum 125% of the standard rate. Overtime shall not represent a significantly higher likelihood of occupational hazards, and in no circumstance go above the limits defined under national legislation,
- Grant their workers the right to resting breaks in every working day and the right to at least one day off in every seven days, unless exceptions defined by collective agreements apply.

Occupational Health and Safety

The suppliers shall:

- Respect the right to healthy working and living conditions of workers and local communities, without prejudice to the specific expectations set out hereunder. Vulnerable persons, such as - but not limited to - young workers, new and expecting mothers and persons with disabilities, shall receive special protection,
- Comply with national occupational health and safety legislation, or with international standards where national legislation is weak or poorly enforced,
- Ensure that there are systems in place to assess, identify, prevent, and mitigate potential and actual threats to the health and safety of workers,
- Train all departments and individuals on occupational health and safety regularly throughout all stages of employment, and provide information on potential occupational health and safety risks to workers and public, including affected communities,
- Take effective measures to prevent workers from having accidents, injuries, or illnesses, arising from, associated with, or occurring during work. These measures aim at minimizing, so far as is reasonable, the causes of hazards inherent within the workplace,
- Seek improving workers' protection in case of accident, including through compulsory insurance schemes,

- Maintain records of all health and safety incidents in the workplace and all other facilities that are provided or mandated,
- Take all appropriate measures, and obtain all relevant licenses and documentation required by national legislation, to see to the stability and safety of the equipment and buildings they use, as well as to protect against and prepare for any foreseeable emergency. This includes residential facilities for workers when these are provided or mandated by the employer or a recruitment partner,
- Establish relevant committees, such as an Occupational Health and Safety Committee, to ensure active co-operation between management and workers, and/or their representatives for the development and effective implementation of systems that ensure a safe and healthy work environment. These committees aim to represent the diversity of the workers,
- Provide awareness to workers, and respect their right and responsibility to exit the premises and/or stop working without seeking permission in dangerous situations and uncontrolled hazards,
- Provide adequate occupational medical assistance and related facilities and provide equal access to all workers for these services. Health services (including insurance) should serve the distinctive concerns and needs of all genders and ages,
- Provide access to safe and clean drinking water, and eating and resting areas free of charge, and where applicable, provide access to cooking and food storage areas,
- Provide an adequate number of safe, separate toilets with adequate level of privacy for all genders, and paper towels and washbasins with hand soap in all work areas,
- Ensure that when residential facilities are provided or mandated, they are clean and safe, and they meet all the basic needs of the workers,
- Provide effective and tailored Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to all workers free of charge, taking the needs of different worker categories, such as pregnant and nursing women, into consideration,
- Compensate the damages incurred to the workers on the occasion that historical or actual failure of adherence to principles is identified.

No Child Labor

The suppliers shall:

- Not employ, directly or indirectly, children below the minimum age of completion of compulsory schooling as defined by law, which shall not be less than 15 years, unless the exceptions recognized by the ILO apply,
- Protect children from any form of exploitation,
- Establish robust age-verification mechanisms as part of the recruitment process, which may not be in any way degrading or disrespectful to the worker,
- Take special care and identify measures in a proactive manner in case of the dismissal and removal of children, to ensure the protection of affected children.

Special Protection for Young Workers

The suppliers shall:

- Ensure that young persons do not work at night and that they are protected against conditions of work which are prejudicial to their health, safety, morals, and development, without prejudice to the specific expectations set out in this principle,
- Remove young workers from any hazardous work or source of hazard immediately when such cases are identified, and redefine their scope of work without any loss of income,
- Ensure that (a) the kind of work is not likely to be harmful to young workers' health or development; (b) their working hours allow their attendance in school, their participation in vocational orientation approved by the competent authority or their capacity to benefit from training or instruction programs,
- Set the necessary mechanisms to prevent, identify and mitigate harm to young workers, with special attention to the provision and access of young workers to effective operational grievance mechanisms and to Occupational Health and Safety trainings schemes and programs specific to the needs of young workers.

No Precarious Employment

The suppliers shall:

- Ensure that their recruitment process and employment relationships do not cause insecurity and social or economic vulnerability for their workers,
- Ensure that work is performed on the basis of a recognized and documented employment relationship, established in compliance with relevant national legislations, custom or practice, and international labor standards, whichever provides greater protection,
- Before entering employment, provide workers with understandable information in their own language and ensure that they are aware about their rights, responsibilities, and employment conditions, including working hours, remuneration and terms of payment in their own language,

- Aim at providing decent, and where relevant, flexible working conditions that also support workers, irrespective of gender, in their roles as parents or caregivers, including migrant and seasonal workers whose children may be left in their hometowns,
- Not use employment arrangements in a way that deliberately does not correspond to the genuine purpose of the law. This includes - but is not limited to - (a) apprenticeship or training schemes where there is no intent to impart skills or provide regular employment, (b) seasonality or contingency work when used to undermine workers' protection, (c) labor-only contracting, and d) contract substitution,
- Not use subcontracting in a way that undermines the rights of workers.

No Bonded, Forced Labor or Human Trafficking

The suppliers shall:

- Not engage in, or through business partners, be complicit to, any form of servitude, forced, bonded, indentured, trafficked or non-voluntary labor, including state-imposed forced labor,
- Adhere to international principles of responsible recruitment, including the Employer Pays Principle, and require the same from their recruitment partners, when engaging and recruiting all workers, either directly or indirectly, especially members of vulnerable groups such as temporary and migrant workers, as a minimum, this includes:
 - No recruitment fees and costs are charged to workers
 - Clear and transparent employment contracts
 - Workers' freedom from deception and coercion
 - Freedom of movement and no retention of identity documents
 - Access to free, comprehensive, and accurate information
 - Freedom to terminate contract, change employer, and safely return
 - Access to free dispute resolution and effective remedies
- Progressively compensate the damages incurred to the workers within a reasonable timeframe, and within the framework of the same international principles, if historical or actual failure of adherence to principles is identified.

Protection of the Environment

The suppliers shall:

- Implement a process- and risk-based environmental due diligence management system in their business practices, adjusted to the business model of the company. This can also be integrated into the overall due diligence management system,
- Comply with national environmental legislation, or with international standards where national legislation is weak or poorly enforced,
- Maintain valid environmental permits and licenses relevant to their operations,
- Identify the environmental impacts of their operations, and implement adequate measures to prevent, mitigate and remediate adverse impacts on the surrounding communities, natural resources, climate, and the overall environment
- Have adequate processes for waste management, handling and disposal of chemicals and other hazardous materials, as well as treatment of emissions and effluents, which meet or exceed legal requirements, to prevent pollution and uncontrolled leaks to the environment,
- Ensure that outgoing wastewater from the processes is adequately treated and that the discharged wastewater quality meets the requirements of local regulations, at a minimum,
- Strive to continuously improve energy and water use efficiency, as well as minimize waste and emissions to the air, water, and land,
- Strive to reduce greenhouse gas emissions where reasonable, by, e.g., preferring renewable energy sources, when possible,
- Strive to minimize harmful impacts on biodiversity, e.g., through reducing emissions as well as preventing pollution and environmental incidents,
- Ensure that its employees have appropriate knowledge and experience about environmental issues and processes with potential environmental impacts as well as resources to enable them effectively to meet their responsibilities,
- Report environmental information, such as information on greenhouse gas emissions, to Marimekko upon request.

Ethical Business Behavior

The suppliers shall:

- Not take part in any act of corruption, extortion, or embezzlement, nor in any form of bribery, including but not limited to the promising, offering, giving or accepting of any improper monetary or other incentive,
- Develop and adopt adequate internal controls, programs or measures for preventing and detecting corruption, extortion, embezzlement or any form of bribery, developed on the basis of a company-specific risk assessment,
- Keep accurate information regarding their activities, structure and performance, and disclose these in accordance with applicable regulations and industry benchmark practices to enhance transparency of their activities,

- Not falsify, or participate in falsifying any information or in any act of misrepresentation in the supply chain,
- Collect, use, and otherwise process personal information (including that from workers, business partners, customers and consumers in their sphere of influence) with reasonable care. The collection, use and other processing of personal information must comply with privacy and information security laws and regulatory requirements,
- Protect entrusted confidential information with due care and ensure the cyber security of its operations,
- Compete fairly and in compliance with applicable competition laws,
- Avoid any situations where a conflict of interest between the supplier and Marimekko exists, and disclose to Marimekko any potential or existing conflict of interest in its relationship with Marimekko,
- Never participate in money laundering or the financing of terrorist or criminal activities, and comply with applicable export control and trade sanction programs,
- Provide awareness to the workers about the policies, controls, programs and measures against unethical behavior, and promote compliance within the company through trainings and communication.

4. DECLARATION

By signing this document, we hereby agree with the principles of the Marimekko Supplier Code of Conduct and commit to take appropriate measures to comply with the principles of the Code in our own operations as well as across our supply chain.

Signature _____ of _____ the _____ company representative_____

Name _____ of _____ the _____ company representative_____

Title_____

Name _____ of _____ the _____ company_____

Date _____ of _____ the _____ signature_____

Company _____ seal_____